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2025.51 AHQ on the procedures for examining applications for citizenship based on language proficiency and citizenship tests

**European Migration Network
Ad-hoc query**

December, 2025

AD-HOC QUERY ON 2025.51 AHQ ON THE PROCEDURES FOR EXAMINING APPLICATIONS FOR CITIZENSHIP BASED ON LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY AND CITIZENSHIP TESTS

REQUESTED BY EMN NCP LUXEMBOURG ON 22 SEPTEMBER 2025

Exported for: Unrestricted Dissemination

Responses from: EMN NCP Austria, EMN NCP Belgium, EMN NCP Bulgaria, EMN NCP Croatia, EMN NCP Cyprus, EMN NCP Czech Republic, EMN NCP Estonia, EMN NCP Finland, EMN NCP France, EMN NCP Georgia, EMN NCP Germany, EMN NCP Greece, EMN NCP Hungary, EMN NCP Italy, EMN NCP Latvia, EMN NCP Lithuania, EMN NCP Luxembourg, EMN NCP Netherlands, EMN NCP Poland, EMN NCP Serbia, EMN NCP Slovakia, EMN NCP Slovenia, EMN NCP Spain, EMN NCP Sweden, EMN NCP Ukraine **(25 in total)**

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BACKGROUND INFORMATION

On 27-28 November 2025, the sub-directorate for the access to French nationality (SDANF) within the General Directorate for Foreign Nationals in France of the Ministry of the Interior is organising a seminar for those responsible for platforms providing access to French nationality. In this context, they would like to present the language and nationality test requirements for applications for nationality by decree in the various EMN Member and Observer Countries.

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In France, the recent law of 26 January 2024 (to control immigration, improve integration) provides for two new measures that will come into force on 1 January 2026:

1. an increase in the required language level
2. the introduction of a new knowledge test (known as the 'civic exam') for applications for naturalisation by decree.

WE WOULD LIKE TO ASK THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:


We would very much appreciate your responses by **14 November 2025**.

- 1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?**
- 2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing).**
- 3. Which institution is responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools).**
- 4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?**
- 5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?**
- 6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If YES, where can the applicant access them and in which format?**
- 7. If you answer in Q5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).**

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- 8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?**
- 9. Which authority is responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)?**
- 10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.**

RESPONSES

		Unrestricted Dissemination?	
	EMN NCP Austria	Yes	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If YES, What is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>In Austria, Art. 10a of the Citizenship Act stipulates that one of the requirements for granting citizenship is proof of sufficient German language skills at level B1. Proof of language skills can be provided in various ways (Art. 10a para. 3 and 4 Citizenship Act); a (language) test is not mandatory (for details, see Stiller, Pathways to Citizenship for Foreigners in Austria, p. 42).</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing).</p> <p>According to Art. 10a para. 4 subpara. 2 of the Citizenship Act, proof of German language proficiency is fulfilled, among other things, if Module 2 of the integration agreement pursuant to Art. 10 para. 2 of the Integration Act is fulfilled, even if there is no obligation to do so under the Integration Act, and</p>

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corresponding proof is provided. The integration test for the fulfillment of Module 2 covers language content at level B1 as well as values (Art. 12 para. 2 Integration Act). As a rule, proof of language skills in the context of acquiring citizenship will be deemed to have been provided by fulfilling Module 2 of the Integration Agreement (Ecker, Kind, Kvasina, Peyrl, Staatsbürgerschaftsgesetz 1985, Art. 10a margin no. 10).

According to this, language level B1 is achieved when the parameters written interaction (correspondence), oral reception (listening), written reception (reading), oral production (speaking), written production (writing) are met (Bleckmann/Czech/Peyrl, Niederlassungs- und Aufenthaltsgesetz, Art. 10 Integration Act margin no. 6). Proof of successful completion of an integration exam is provided in the form of an exam certificate (Art. 19 para. 1 Regulation on the Implementation of the Integration Act).

3. Which institution is responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)

The integration test described in Q2 is conducted by the Austrian Integration Fund. The granting authority merely checks whether the required German language skills can be attested by appropriate evidence (Stiller, Pathways to Citizenship for Foreigners in Austria, p. 44).

4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other).

In Austria, proof of basic knowledge of the democratic system and the fundamental principles derived from it, as well as the history of Austria and the respective province, is a prerequisite for the granting of citizenship (Art. 10a para. 1 subpara. 2 Citizenship Act). The Citizenship Act provides for various options for demonstrating this basic knowledge; passing an exam is not mandatory (for details, see Stiller, Pathways to Citizenship for Foreigners in Austria, p. 44). The exam in its current form is a multiple-choice test that is taken in writing (Stiller, Pathways to Citizenship for Foreigners in Austria, p. 45).

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			<p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>According to Art. 2 para. 1 of the Regulation on Citizenship Examination, the examination consists of three examination areas:</p> <p>(a) Examination area 1: Basic knowledge of the democratic order of the Republic of Austria and the fundamental principles derived from it;</p> <p>(b) Examination area 2: Basic knowledge of Austrian history;</p> <p>(c) Examination area 3: Basic knowledge of the history of the province.</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If YES, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>In Austria, individuals applying for citizenship are responsible for preparing for the citizenship exam themselves. However, learning materials and practice exams are available on the website www.staatsbuergerschaft.gv.at.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>The topics listed in Q5 cover very broad areas of knowledge, so that, in view of the purpose of the examination, only the acquisition of basic knowledge should be taken into account when compiling the examination questions. Applicants for citizenship should only have a general understanding of the democratic system and the fundamental principles derived from it, as well as the history of Austria. The content should focus, among other things, on the fundamental values of a European democratic state and its society (Appendix A, Point C Regulation on Citizenship Examination).</p> <p>Accordingly, examination area 1 (Q5 a)) covers the following topics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Human dignity• Austria as a liberal state
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- Austria as a constitutional state
- Austria as a democracy
- Austria as a republic
- Austria as a federal state
- Separation of powers in Austria
- Austria as a member of the European Union

8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?

The citizenship examination is conducted by the competent provincial government. In addition, a person applying for citizenship who has full legal capacity or who has reached the age of 18 and only lacks full legal capacity due to their age must take an oath before being granted citizenship, in which they pledge, among other things, to uphold the fundamental values of a European democratic state and its society (Art. 21 para. 2 Citizenship Act).


9. Which authority is responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools).

See Q8.

10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of you country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.

No. However, as part of the oath taken before citizenship is granted (see Q8), applicants for citizenship commit themselves to the fundamental values of a European democratic state and its society (Art. 21 para. 2 Citizenship Act).


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	 EMN NCP Belgium	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes. Knowledge of one of the three national languages (French, Dutch or German) is one of the requirements to obtain Belgian citizenship (for foreigners who are at least 18 years old) (Article 12bis of the Belgian Nationality Code). This condition does not apply to foreigners who can prove that they are unable to work due to a disability, or those who have reached retirement age (Article 12bis § 1, 4° of the Belgian Nationality Code).</p> <p>The level required is A2 of the CEFR.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing).</p> <p>There are multiple ways of fulfilling the language requirement:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Through qualifications and training: having a higher secondary or higher education diploma obtained in Belgium, or having fulfilled vocational training of at least 400 hours; • Language certificate issued by regional employment services (Forem, Actiris, or VDAB) or via a test organised by recognised skills centres (e.g. Selor, Cité des Métiers). • Proof of an employment contract (for a job performed in the relevant national language). • Proof of having completed an integration programme • Proof of an employment contract of at least 5 years <p>Language is assessed at two levels: speaking and writing. Since 2024, an exception is made for persons who are illiterate: they must only fulfil the oral component of the language test. For the written component, they must provide a certificate (for example, from a literacy course) proving that they cannot pass the A2 level written test.</p>
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			<p>(Article 12bis § 1 of the Belgian Nationality Code).</p> <p>3. Which institution is responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The assessment is conducted by the municipality of residence of the applicant.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>No.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If YES, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values? (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>The application for citizenship must include the following statement, written and signed by the applicant (or, if the applicant is unable to write it by hand, spoken orally and recorded by the competent civil registrar): "I declare that I wish to acquire Belgian nationality and adhere to the Constitution, the laws of</p>
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			<p>the Belgian people and the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms. (Article 12bis § 3 of the Belgian Nationality Code).</p> <p>9. Which authority is responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>The municipality of residence of the applicant is responsible for reviewing the entire application.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Yes, see answer to Q8.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Bulgaria</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Persons who have completed primary, secondary, or higher education at a Bulgarian school in Bulgaria or abroad certify their proficiency with a diploma or a certificate of a completed semester at an accredited Bulgarian higher education institution.</p> <p>Persons other than those mentioned above shall submit an application to the Minister of Education and Science for the issuance of a certificate of Bulgarian language proficiency, attaching a copy of their identity document and, if available, a document certifying completed Bulgarian language course from an authorised institution.</p> <p>When the application is accompanied by a copy of a document certifying completed Bulgarian language course from an authorised institution, the director of Control and Assessment of the Quality of School Education (CCAQSE) shall, after a decision of a commission, appointed by him/her, propose to the Minister of Education and Science to issue a certificate of Bulgarian language proficiency.</p> <p>A person applying for Bulgarian citizenship on any of the following grounds: general naturalisation,</p>


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			<p>marriage to a Bulgarian citizen, as a stateless person, as a refugee or with humanitarian status, is required to submit a certificate of proficiency in the Bulgarian language.</p> <p>Knowledge of the Bulgarian language is not required for persons applying for naturalisation on one of the following main grounds provided for in the law: being of Bulgarian origin, being adopted by a Bulgarian citizen under full adoption, having a parent who is a Bulgarian citizen, or if the Republic of Bulgaria has an interest in their naturalisation or if the person has special merits towards the Republic of Bulgaria. Applicants who do not have a certificate of Bulgarian language proficiency must take a written exam organised by the CCAQSE, which assesses the Bulgarian language proficiency at an elementary level. The director of CCAQSE appoints a commission of experts to conduct the exam. Based on a proposal by the director of CCAQSE and following the decision of the commission, the Minister of Education and Science or a person authorised by him/her issues a certificate of proficiency in the Bulgarian language. For blind individuals, persons with disabilities in Group categories I and II, and individuals over the age of 70, Bulgarian language proficiency is determined through an oral interview with a member of the commission.</p> <p>Based on the results of the exam or the interview, the director of the CCAQSE, following the commission's decision, proposes to the Minister of Education and Science to issue or to refuse the issuance of a certificate. The certificate is issued to be presented to the Ministry of Justice and is valid only when applying for acquisition of Bulgarian citizenship by naturalisation under the Law on Bulgarian Citizenship. For persons living abroad, the exam and the oral interview can be conducted at the relevant Bulgarian diplomatic or consular mission.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing).</p> <p>The level of language assessment is based on reading comprehension and grammar. The exam is conducted in the form of a test containing 20 questions and is held within one astronomical hour. The exam is considered successfully passed if the candidate has correctly answered at least 12 of the test questions.</p>
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			<p>3. Which institution is responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The director of CCAQSE following the commission's decision, proposes to the Minister of Education and Science to issue or to refuse the issuance of a certificate.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>The applicable legislation does not provide for a citizenship test.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If YES, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>An interview is conducted with the applicant based on a questionnaire approved by the Minister of Justice. The interview questionnaire is not publicly available and the applicant cannot access it in advance.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values? (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>N/A</p>
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			<p>9. Which authority is responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Currently, in the Law on Bulgarian Citizenship, there is no provision for signing a special document in which applicants declare that they will recognise the fundamental principles and values of the state they are applying to for citizenship.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Croatia</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes. In the regular way of acquiring Croatian citizenship by naturalization pursuant to Article 8, paragraph 1 of the Croatian Citizenship Act, it is necessary, among other things, to prove knowledge of the Croatian language and Latin script, level B1. The aforementioned article also stipulates that persons over 60 years of age do not have to prove knowledge of the Croatian language and Latin script, Croatian culture and social system.</p> <p>The Ordinance on the Method of Verifying Knowledge of the Croatian Language and Latin script, Croatian Culture and Social System in Procedures for Acquiring Croatian Citizenship stipulates that foreigners who, by the date of submitting an application for acquiring Croatian citizenship in the Republic of Croatia, had refugee status for at least 10 years and foreigners who had permanent residence in the Republic of Croatia on 8 October 1991, and who are beneficiaries of the return or reconstruction program or housing care, prove their knowledge of the Croatian language and Latin script in procedures for acquiring Croatian citizenship by completing an application form for acquiring Croatian citizenship by naturalization.</p>

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2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)

The test consists of an oral and written part. The written part consists of: listening comprehension, reading comprehension, grammar/vocabulary, and writing a text on a selected topic. The oral part consists of two parts: speech production and speech interaction. The test lasts 2 hours (price 160 euros, source: School of Foreign Languages: "Sova.").

3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)

In accordance with Article 154, paragraph 5 of the Aliens Act, the Ministry of Science, Education and Youth publishes a list of institutions that have approval to conduct exams in the Croatian language and Latin script for foreigners.


4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?

In order to acquire Croatian citizenship pursuant to Article 8, paragraph 1 of the Croatian Citizenship Act, it is also necessary to prove knowledge of Croatian culture and the social system of the Republic of Croatia. The questionnaire on knowledge of Croatian culture and social system consists of 15 questions and is completed by the applicant for acquiring Croatian citizenship independently, without consulting other persons, without supporting literature, in front of an officer of the police department/police station of the Ministry who receives the application, in a period of 60 minutes. The questionnaire is completed in such a way that only one answer is circled for the question asked or the question is supplemented with the required answer. It is considered that an alien has proven knowledge of Croatian culture and the social system of the Republic of Croatia if he or she has answered at least 10 questions from the questionnaire correctly.

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			<p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>Questions to test knowledge of Croatian culture and social system test knowledge of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Constitution of the Republic of Croatia• Declaration on the Homeland War• History, culture, customs, art, literature, sports, economy, tourism and geographical position of the Republic of Croatia <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>Yes, the above questions (110 of them) are published in the Official Gazette as an annex to the Ordinance on the Method of Verifying Knowledge of the Croatian Language and Latin script, Croatian Culture and Social System in Procedures for Acquiring Croatian Citizenship ("Official Gazette", No. 6/21) and are publicly available.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values? (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>The test topics related to the rights and values of the country relate to the organization of state authorities, the protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms, and the Homeland War.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>Persons who acquire Croatian citizenship by naturalization must meet the legal requirement of respecting the legal order of the Republic of Croatia, paying due public duties, and there must be no security obstacles to their admission to Croatian citizenship (Article 8, paragraph 1, item 5 of the Croatian Citizenship Act.</p>
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			<p>9. Which authority is responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>The Ministry of the Interior requests and receives reports from other state bodies of the Republic of Croatia (the Ministry of Justice, Administration and Digital Transformation, the competent municipal court, the competent branch of the Tax Administration and the Security and Intelligence Agency) on the basis of which it determines whether the party meets the legal presumption from Article 8, paragraph 1, item 5 of the Croatian Citizenship Act.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of you country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify what type of document they have to sign.</p> <p>Persons who acquire Croatian citizenship by naturalization take a solemn oath in which they swear on their honor that, as Croatian citizens, they will abide the Constitution and laws and respect the legal order, culture and customs of the Republic of Croatia. They sign the aforementioned oath.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Cyprus</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, What is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>The required level is A2 or B1 depending on the years and status of residence.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>In Cyprus assessment is based on all the above, Listening, comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking and writing.</p>

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			<p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>For CY, the responsible institution is the Centre of the Greek Language located in Greece.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>Yes. Multiple choice questions.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>Current affairs, history, geography, customs and morals, politics, economy, National Days and other celebrations, means of transportation.</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If YES, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>No.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assessed the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>The adherence of an applicant to our country's fundamental values is assessed through a test conducted by the Examinations Service and through an interview conducted by the Ministry of Interior.</p> <p>9. Which authority is responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>The Ministry of Interior based on the above mentioned test and interview.</p>
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			<p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify what type of document they have to sign.</p> <p>No.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Czech Republic</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If YES, What is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES. Exemptions apply to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • persons under 15 years of age; • persons over 65 years of age; • persons with a physical or mental disability preventing them from acquiring knowledge of the Czech language; • persons who have studied for at least three years at a primary, secondary or higher education institution with Czech as the language of instruction. <p>If the applicant is required to take the Czech language examination (i.e. does not fall under any of the above exemptions), they must demonstrate language proficiency at level B1 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing).</p> <p>The Czech language examination consists of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Written part – includes three subtests: reading comprehension, listening comprehension, and writing;

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- Oral part – one subtest: speaking.

A maximum of 100 points can be obtained in total (25 points per subtest). To pass the examination, the applicant must achieve at least 60% overall and at least 60% in each subtest, except that in one of the written subtests a minimum of 50% is sufficient.

3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools).

The examination is administered by the Institute for Language and Preparatory Studies of Charles University, which acts as an external service provider and a full member of ALTE (Association of Language Testers in Europe).

4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?

YES. Exemptions apply to:

- persons under 15 years of age;
- persons over 65 years of age;
- persons with a physical or mental disability preventing them from acquiring knowledge of the Czech language;
- persons who have studied for at least three years at a primary, secondary or higher education institution with Czech as the language of instruction.

The citizenship test covers general knowledge about the Czech Republic at the level of primary education. It consists of 30 multiple-choice questions, each with four possible answers and only one correct answer. To pass the test, the applicant must answer at least 60% of the questions correctly (18 out of 30).

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5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?

The test comprises 30 questions, distributed as follows: 16 questions from the area of Civic Foundations, 7 questions on Basic Geographical Information about the Czech Republic, 7 questions on Basic Historical and Cultural Information about the Czech Republic.

6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If YES, where can the applicant access them and in which format?

YES. The Institute for Language and Preparatory Studies of Charles University provides on its website: a database of all questions used in the citizenship test on Czech realia, a sample test on Czech realia, a sample Czech language test, including a model listening comprehension section and a preparation manual for the writing subtest.

7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values? (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).


Within the "Civic Foundations" section, questions may cover topics such as: Czech customs and traditions; the political system; legislative, executive and judicial powers; elections; and basic legal concepts.

8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?

One of the conditions for the granting of Czech citizenship is that the applicant does not endanger the security of the state, its sovereignty and territorial integrity, democratic foundations, or the lives, health or property of others.

For applicants over 15 years of age, compliance with this condition is assessed primarily by the Czech intelligence services and selected units of the Police of the Czech Republic.

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			<p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>See the answer to question 8 above.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document they have to sign.</p> <p>NO. However, persons over 15 years of age who acquire Czech citizenship by naturalisation must take an oath of citizenship, which reads as follows: "I pledge my allegiance to the Czech Republic. I pledge to observe its Constitution and other laws of the Czech Republic."</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Estonia</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes. Estonia requires applicants for Estonian citizenship to pass a language proficiency examination as part of the naturalisation process. The level required is B1 according to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>Estonian language assessment is based on four skills: writing, listening comprehension, reading comprehension, and speaking.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The assessment is administered by HARNO (the Estonian Education and Youth Board), a subordinate agency of the Ministry of Education and Research of Estonia, and takes place in examination centres</p>

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authorized by HARNO throughout Estonia.

4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?

Yes. The citizenship exam is electronic and can only be taken on a computer at the examination point. At the exam, 24 multiple choice questions in Estonian must be answered. An exam is deemed to have been completed if the examinee has responded correctly to at least 18 questions. All the questions are in Estonian. There is 45 minutes to take the examination.

5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?

Questions in the citizenship exam involve the following areas:

- The fundamental principles of the Estonian form of government, stipulated in Chapters I and III of the Constitution of the Republic of Estonia.
- The fundamental rights, freedoms and duties of each person, stipulated in Chapter II of the Constitution of the Republic of Estonia.
- The jurisdiction of the Estonian Parliament, the President of the Republic, the Government of the Republic and the courts according to the Constitution of the Republic of Estonia.
- The conditions and procedure for the acquisition, resumption and loss of Estonian citizenship according to the Citizenship Act.

6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?

Yes. Before the exam, it is possible to take part in a free consultation without submitting an exam application. During the consultation, the exam procedure is introduced, advice is given on completing the exam tasks, the exam topics and assignments are presented, sample tests are practiced, and additional questions from examinees are answered.

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7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).

The rights and obligations of the citizens established in the Constitution of the Republic of Estonia as well as fundamental rights.

8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?

In Estonia, the completion of the language proficiency and citizenship examination and submission of the required documents to the Police and Border Guard Board is necessary for applying for citizenship.

9. Which is the authority for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)

After passing the relevant exams and the submission of an application to the Police and Border Guard Board, the documents will be transmitted within 6 months to the Government of the Republic for taking a decision on the grant of Estonian citizenship.

10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document they have to sign.

YES. When applying for Estonian citizenship as an adult, an applicant must submit to the Police and Border Guard Board a completed and signed application form, which includes answers to the following two statements:

Applicant's handwritten declaration and oath of allegiance: 'I request to be granted Estonian citizenship' and 'In applying for Estonian citizenship, I pledge to be faithful to the constitutional order of Estonia.'

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+	EMN NCP Finland	Yes	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES. To obtain Finnish citizenship, the applicant must have at least satisfactory skills in spoken and written Finnish or Swedish. If they have a speech disability or a hearing impairment, you are required to have at least satisfactory skills in Finnish Sign Language or Finland-Swedish Sign Language.</p> <p>The applicant may demonstrate their language skills in the following ways:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificates of language proficiency: The National Certificate of Language Proficiency (YKI) in Finnish or Swedish completed at level 3 or higher (intermediate level) or The Civil Service Language Proficiency Certificate (VKT examinations) with at least satisfactory oral and written skills in Finnish or Swedish. • Basic education: a leaving certificate issued by a Finnish comprehensive school or a certificate of completing the entire syllabus of basic education. The certificate must show that you have passed the examination in Finnish or Swedish as your native language or as a second language. • Upper secondary school: a leaving certificate issued by a Finnish upper secondary school, the Finnish matriculation examination, or a certificate that you have completed the upper secondary school syllabus in Finnish or Swedish as your native language or as a second language. The certificate must show that you have passed the examination in Finnish or Swedish as your native language or as a second language. • Vocational qualifications: From 1 January 2018 onwards: You have completed an initial vocational qualification, a further vocational qualification or a specialist vocational qualification with either Finnish or Swedish as the language of qualifications (qualification in accordance with act 531/2017). Before 2018: Initial vocational qualification with either Finnish or Swedish as the language of qualifications (qualification in accordance with act 630/1998). Further vocational qualifications or specialist vocational qualifications, including competence-based qualifications, with
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either Finnish or Swedish as the language of qualifications (a qualification in accordance with act 631/1998).

- Higher education in Finland: Studies in the Finnish or Swedish language as part of the degree that you have completed at a university or university of applied sciences. By completing such studies, you can achieve the language proficiency that is required of public officials in positions that require a higher education degree. Check with your university that your studies in Finnish or Swedish are included in your degree. Maturity test completed in Finnish or Swedish as part of the degree that you have completed at a university or university of applied sciences.
- Certificate of proficiency in sign language: A certificate issued by the Finnish Association of the Deaf of at least satisfactory proficiency in the Finnish or Finland-Swedish Sign Language.

2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)

The National Certificates of Language Proficiency tests (YKI tests), are based on the six-point language proficiency scale. The individual test items are compiled in accordance with the content specifications of the skill levels to maximise the reliability in assessing test-takers' language proficiency. Comprehension items (in reading comprehension and listening comprehension subtests) are scored in points which are converted into proficiency assessments. Performance (in writing and speaking subtests) is assessed with reference to the criteria, i.e. directly on the basis of assessment criteria based on the proficiency level scale. Criterion-referenced assessment means that the performance is compared directly to the skill level criteria, not to other performances.

In the Civil Service Language Proficiency Certificates (VKT examinations), the assessment of language skills is based on a three-tier language proficiency scale: excellent, good and satisfactory. Comprehension items (in reading comprehension and listening comprehension subtests) are scored in points, which are converted into proficiency assessments. The criteria for assessing test performance (in writing and speaking subtests) are derived from the language proficiency level descriptions described in the framework of the Civil Service Language Proficiency Certificates.

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			<p>In general upper secondary education language education, there are objectives defined for the student's competence and learning. The objectives also include language proficiency level objectives for different syllabuses. The proficiency scale used is a Finnish application of the CEFR scale. Assessment for language studies is conducted by the subject teachers.</p> <p>At the end of their general upper secondary education studies, students take the matriculation examination. Grades of the matriculation examination language tests are not directly linked to the proficiency level scale, but the tests are prepared taking into account the target levels of the language and syllabus. More information about the matriculation examination https://www.ylioppilastutkinto.fi/en/assessment-and-certificates/assessment-matriculation-examination.</p> <p>In the vocational units of vocational qualifications, language skills are based on the linguistic requirements of the work tasks or work processes related to the unit. The language skills required are described in the competence requirements of each unit. The student demonstrates the competence defined in these requirements primarily at a workplace, through practical tasks in authentic work situations and processes. The required language proficiency must be demonstrated in the language of instruction and assessment of the qualification, without the use of aids. The assessment of competence is based on the student's demonstrated skills in accordance with the competence requirements, and the level of competence, expressed as a grade, is determined in relation to the assessment criteria of the unit. In vocational upper secondary qualifications, numerical grades are given for each unit, and for the common units, for each sub-area. In further vocational qualifications and specialist vocational qualifications, the assessment for each unit is on a pass-fail basis.</p> <p>When assessing the language skills in sign language, the assessment is carried out either as an in-person meeting or as a remote assessment (often via a WhatsApp video call) by the Finnish Association of the Deaf. The assessment consists of a brief conversation about everyday topics, during which the interactional elements related to sign language are observed: eye contact, turn-taking, facial expressions, use of signing space, correct use of signs belonging to Finnish Sign Language or Finland-Swedish Sign Language, comprehension, fluency of conversation, and so on. These elements form the basis of the statement that indicates whether the person's proficiency in Finnish Sign Language or Finland-Swedish Sign Language is at an excellent, good, or satisfactory level on a three-level scale. During assessment</p>
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			<p>sessions, it is sometimes noted that the signing is still a mixture of signs from the person's country of origin, International Sign, and Finnish Sign Language; in such cases, the statement may indicate, for example, a satisfactory level of language proficiency. The assessors authorized by the Finnish Association of the Deaf use as their basis the proficiency level descriptions of the National Certificates of Language Proficiency (the Finnish/Swedish oral and comprehension proficiency descriptors for state administration language examinations). Because the assessment criteria for spoken languages cannot be fully applied to sign language assessment, the framework has additionally incorporated the assessment criteria for the Association's K-level (intermediate level) sign language examination (see Report on the inclusion of sign language in the National Certificates of Language Proficiency (Finnish National Board of Education, Reports and Studies 2012:9)).</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>In the National Certificates of Language Proficiency tests (YKI tests), the persons assessing the performance are specifically trained for the task. The uniformity of assessment is supported by means of continuous training, feedback on assessment and statistical analyses. In order to ensure equal treatment of test-takers, the assessor must not be the test-taker's own teacher or close relative. In the context of the Civil Service Language Proficiency Certificate, performances that demonstrate satisfactory and good Finnish or Swedish language skills evaluates the examiners appointed by the Finnish National Agency for Education. Both certification systems (YKI and VKT) are administered by the Finnish National Agency for Education. For other examples, see question 2.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>NO. Currently, the nationality applicants are not required to take a citizenship test to obtain Finnish citizenship. However, Finland is currently preparing a government proposal on the matter. The proposal is to be based on a report by a cross-administrative working group appointed by the Ministry of the Interior. The report presented views on what kind of citizenship test could be introduced in Finland. (https://urn.fi/URN:ISBN:978-952-324-974-5). The working group's main views on the nationality test</p>
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			<p>were as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The test could be administered in cooperation between key expert bodies.• Topics of questions could include fundamental and human rights, civic orientation, history and geography, everyday skills, customs and values, public safety and security, and digital skills.• The format could be a digital citizenship test with multiple-choice questions and true or false questions.• As a rule, applicants aged 18–64 could be required to take the test.• Exceptions could be made to the testing requirement, and it could be fulfilled by other means.• Study materials could be used to prepare for the test. <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>N/A</p>
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			<p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>N/A</p>
	<p>EMN NCP France</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes, currently it is B1 level (speaking and writing) of the CEFR and from 1 January 2026 it will be B2 (speaking and writing) of the CEFR.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>The four competences (reading comprehension, listening comprehension, written expression, and oral expression) are evaluated.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>Currently, and until 31 December 2025, language proficiency is assessed through language tests administered by accredited centres. As from 1 January 2026: the same applies: assessment will remain entrusted to accredited centres.</p>

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4. Does the nationality applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?

Yes. Currently, and until 31 December 2025: Knowledge is assessed only in the so-called naturalisation procedure, i.e. by government decision. Questions are asked orally by a prefecture officer (two officers in complex cases) during a mandatory individual interview. As from 1 January 2026: Assessment takes the form of a multiple-choice questionnaire (28 questions) and 12 situational exercises. A minimum pass rate of 80% correct answers is required.

5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?

Currently, and until 31 December 2025, two main areas are evaluated:

- French history, culture, and society ;
- The rights and duties conferred by French citizenship.

As from 1 January 2026, five areas are evaluated:

- Principles and values of the Republic;
- The institutional and political system ;
- Rights and duties conferred by French citizenship;
- History, geography, and culture ;
- Living in French society.


6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?

Currently, and until 31 December 2025, the list of questions is not communicated in advance; they are 'personalised,' i.e. adapted to the applicant's educational background and life experience. As from 1 January 2026, the test will be administered in accredited centres. Questions will be made partially public in advance.

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			<p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>The applicant for French citizenship must be able to cite and define the principles and values of the Republic, such as the principles of liberty, equality, fraternity, and secularism, but above all must demonstrate adherence to them through their daily behaviour.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>Adherence to the values of the French Republic is assessed in the framework of an individual interview conducted by a prefecture officer.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>The assessment of adherence to the values of the French Republic is carried out by a prefecture officer (two officers in complex cases), without the use of AI technologies.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Yes. At the end of the mandatory interview, the applicant signs a document entitled the 'Charter of the Rights and Duties of the Citizen' to formalise their agreement. This document is available online. An application for citizenship may be refused if the applicant declines to sign it.</p>
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	<p> EMN NCP Georgia</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES. According to the national law, to obtain the Georgian citizenship a foreigner has to pass the test proving the knowledge of Georgian language. The tests have varying degrees of difficulty and include both very easy and relatively difficult questions.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>Language proficiency is assessed by testing, which is conducted electronically through the special software. Applicants are given ten random questions generated by the electronic system, with each test offering four answer options, only one of which is correct. To pass, the applicant must achieve at least seven correct answers within the allotted time.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>Public Service Development Agency (PSDA) of the Ministry of Justice administrates the examination of the level of knowledge of Georgian language by the tests that are developed by the National Assessment and Examinations Centre under the Ministry of Education, Science and Youth. A special electronic system summarizes the applicant’s answers to the given questions and evaluates the test results. The test results are displayed on the computer screen immediately after the exam is completed.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>YES. The citizenship tests examine the knowledge of the state language and the history of Georgia, as well as the basic principles of Law, thus examination include multiple-choice questions from these subjects. A special software system randomly chooses thirty test questions (10 in each subject) to check the level of knowledge. Each test contains four answer options and only one answer is correct. An applicant must gain</p>
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			<p>at least 7 points for each subject in the time allotted for testing</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>As mentioned above, the tests examine the knowledge of state language, the history of Georgia and basic principles of Law.</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>YES. Examples of tests developed to assess the knowledge of applicants are published on the PSDA website, so applicants can familiarize themselves with and prepare for the tests in advance.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>The topics of the tests are mainly related to the fundamental human rights and obligations defined by the Constitution of Georgia.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>As mentioned above, the tests only examine the knowledge of state language, the history of Georgia and basic principles of Law.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>As mentioned above, special electronic system administered by the PSDA summarizes the applicant's answers and evaluates the test results.</p>
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			<p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>According to Georgian legislation, after being granted Georgian citizenship through naturalization, an individual must take an oath of allegiance in the Georgian language and sign it. In doing so, they pledge to serve Georgia faithfully, uphold its Constitution and laws, and protect the country's independence and territorial integrity. They must also recognize Georgian as the official language of the country and Abkhaz as the official language of the Autonomous Republic of Abkhazia. Additionally, the individual undertakes to respect Georgian culture and national traditions.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Germany</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES. To be naturalized, the applicant must have sufficient knowledge of the German language. Sufficient language skills are existent if the applicant meets the requirements of a language test at level B1 of the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).</p> <p>The required language skills at level B1 CEFR are generally shown if the applicant has received a certificate from the Federal Office for Migration and Refugees confirming successful participation in a language course as part of an integration course (§ 43 (4) Residence Act in conjunction with § 17 (2) Ordinance Governing Integration - IntV), has obtained the certificate Deutsch (B 1 GER) or an equivalent or higher language diploma, has successfully attended a German-language school for four years (promotion to the next higher grade), has obtained a secondary school leaving certificate or at least an equivalent German school leaving certificate, has been promoted to the tenth grade of a German-language secondary school (Realschule, Gymnasium, or Gesamtschule) or has successfully completed a degree at a German-language university or university of applied sciences or a German vocational training program.</p>

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If the required knowledge of the German language is not or not sufficiently proven by certificates or diplomas, the applicant for naturalization is recommended to take a language test or a language course. It is necessary, unless the applicant for naturalization obviously has the required language skills. This is determined by the locally competent citizenship authority in a personal interview. In these cases, a language test may be waived.

Sufficient language skills can also be demonstrated outside of level B1 GER in the case of children under the age of 16 through age-appropriate language development, or in the case of guest or contract workers and in cases of hardship through oral language skills.

In addition, the requirement for sufficient language skills is completely waived if the applicant for naturalization is unable to meet it due to a physical, mental, or psychological illness or disability, or due to age. Further information on the naturalisation process can be found here: <https://www.bamf.de/EN/Themen/Integration/ZugewanderteTeilnehmende/Einbuengerung/einbuengerung-node.html>

2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)

The final exam for a language course as part of an integration course consists of a written and an oral exam. The written exam lasts 100 minutes and includes listening, reading, and writing tasks. The oral exam lasts 15 minutes, during which the examinees must introduce themselves and engage in a dialogue.

3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)

The final examination for the language course as part of an integration course is organized and evaluated by an external testing institute on behalf of the Federal Office for Migration and Refugees. The testing institute is commissioned through a tendering process.

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4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?

YES. The naturalisation test is a paper-based test. During the test, the person receives a test booklet with 33 selected questions: 30 general questions regarding "Living in a Democracy", "History and Responsibility", "People and Society" and three specific questions for the respective federal state (Land) in which the person taking the test is registered as having the first place of residence. Persons taking the test must choose the correct answer from four possible responses (multiple choice).

To pass the test, the person must answer at least 17 of the 33 questions correctly within 60 minutes while under supervision. After the tests have been evaluated the Federal Office for Migration and Refugees sends the person their individual result. If they answer fewer than 17 questions correctly, they can repeat the test as often as necessary. The success rate of the naturalisation test has been between 98.2 and 98.8 per cent for years.

5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?

See above. The topics are: "Living in a Democracy", "History and Responsibility", "People and Society" and specific questions for the respective federal state (Land) in which the person taking the test is registered as having the first place of residence.

6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?

YES. The questions and answers are available online for preparation. In total, the complete list of questions consists of 300 national and 160 state-specific questions. The complete list can be found here: <https://www.bamf.de/SharedDocs/Anlagen/DE/Integration/Einbuengerung/gesamtfragenkatalog-lebenindeutschland.html?nn=917926> (only German)

The complete list of questions and answer options is part of the Ordinance Governing the Naturalisation Test (EinbTestV). In addition, the Federal Office for Migration and Refugees offers an online test center on its website for individual exam preparation. Here, the complete list of questions can be answered

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			<p>interactively free of charge and a sample questionnaire can be filled out on a trial basis.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>“Living in a democracy”:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Fundamental rights in the Basic Law• Constitutional principles and state symbols• Tasks of the state and duties of citizens• Constitutional bodies and parties• Social participation and political involvement <p>“History and Responsibility”</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• National Socialism and its consequences• German history from division to reunification• European integration <p>“People and Society”</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Family and family forms of cohabitation• Understanding of roles and equality between men and women• Upbringing and education• Tolerance and coexistence• Religious diversity
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8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?

The naturalization applicant must declare his/her commitment to the free democratic basic order in writing and submit a declaration of loyalty.


The commitment to the free democratic basic order is a substantive and not a purely formal requirement for naturalization. The commitment is intended to make the naturalization applicant aware he/she must credibly embrace the fundamental principles of the German constitutional order. The commitment must therefore be genuine, i.e., it must be based on an inner commitment to the constitutional order. If the commitment is made with inner reservations ("lip service"), it is not effective.

With this declaration, the applicant for naturalization documents his/her inner commitment to the Federal Republic of Germany as a state. This means that the applicant for naturalization unreservedly accepts the authority of the democratically legitimized legislative bodies to enact laws, even if state law conflicts with supposed or actual religious commandments. Anyone who actively and fundamentally strives for the end of the legal existence of the Federal Republic of Germany cannot make a credible declaration of commitment.

The citizenship authority must be certain that the declaration also reflects the inner conviction of the naturalization applicant. The naturalization applicant must have understood the content of the declaration. Only those who are familiar with at least the core elements of the declaration, can make an effective declaration. To this end, the local citizenship authority may ask the applicant questions to determine whether they have sufficient knowledge of the core elements of the declaration they have made and whether they have understood them.

Successful completion of the naturalization test alone does not indicate sufficient understanding, as the current list of questions in the naturalization test does not cover all the core content of the free democratic basic order.

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			<p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>See above, the local citizenship authorities.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>YES. The applicant for naturalization must, at the latest before the naturalization certificate is issued, make a "commitment to the free democratic basic order" and a "commitment to Germany's special historical responsibility for the National Socialist regime of injustice and its consequences, in particular for the protection of Jewish life, as well as to the peaceful coexistence of peoples and the prohibition of waging a war of aggression." and the declaration of loyalty.</p> <p>These are not required if the applicant for naturalization is not capable of acting. Before submitting the declarations and the statement, the applicant for naturalization must be instructed in writing and orally about their significance. Due to their highly personal nature, the declarations and the statement must be submitted in person.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Greece</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Greece requires the foreigner to pass an examination (citizenship test and language test) in order to obtain the "Certificate of Knowledge Adequacy for naturalization" which is a prerequisite for applying for Greek Citizenship via the naturalization process. The written test model was introduced in order to apply objective evaluation criteria, ensuring reliability and transparency, to preserve the integrity of the process of acquiring Greek citizenship, and to harmonize the practice followed with the practices of other states at the European and international level.</p>


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			<p>The Organizational Committee of the Secretariat General for Citizenship of the Ministry of Interior is responsible for the administration of the examination. The Scientific Committee of the Secretariat General for Citizenship of the Ministry of Interior is responsible for drafting the questions stored in an "Item Bank". The topics for the examined knowledge fields are posted in the Item Bank, as are their answers. The Committee randomly chooses those that will be used in each examination session.</p> <p>The second part of the examination is the language test. The candidate is examined in reading comprehension, as well as his/her essay writing and listening ability (level B1 and above).</p> <p>The main topics of the first part of examination which is the citizenship test are Greek history, geography, culture and political institutions.</p> <p>In case of any kind of misuse by the candidate during the examination procedure, he/she is immediately excluded from the exams.</p> <p>To participate in the examination the candidate must pay an examination fee of 150 euros.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>See answer to Q1.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>See answer to Q1.</p> <p>4. Does the nationality applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)</p> <p>See answer to Q1.</p>
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			<p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)? See answer to Q1.</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format? See answer to Q1.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.). N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)? N/A</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools) N/A</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign. N/A</p>
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	<p>EMN NCP Hungary</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>No.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>Yes. The citizenship test is in Hungarian language, which contains both an oral (individual interview) and a written part. At least a B1 (intermediate) level of Hungarian language proficiency is expected to pass the test. Both during the oral and the written part, applicants have to outline a given topic.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>Hungarian history, culture, Hungary's place in the world, Hungarian national symbols and holidays, Hungarian constitutional framework, Hungarian public administration, the obligations and rights of Hungarian citizens, Hungarian citizenship.</p>
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			<p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>Yes. The general topics of the exam are available. Applicants can access the detailed outlines of each topic by purchasing the preparatory textbook for the exam.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>Yes. First generation human rights, economic and cultural rights, obligations of citizens and the protection of citizens' rights.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>Adherence to country's fundamental values is not assessed per se, however, as a last step to citizenship, applicants are obligated to take the following pledge/oath/ of allegiance I, swear that I regard Hungary as my homeland. I will be a loyal citizen of Hungary and will respect and observe the Fundamental Law and the legislation. I will defend my homeland to the best of my strength and serve it to the best of my abilities. /So help me God/.</p> <p>Moreover, applicants cannot receive a citizenship if they pose a threat to Hungarian public security or public order. This is checked by national security agencies during the examination of the citizenship application.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>No such assessment is made.</p>
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			<p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Yes. They have to sign their pledge/oath of allegiance.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Italy</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES, knowledge of the Italian language at a level not lower than B1 (CEFR) is required by law and must be submitted together with the application.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>The B1 level of language proficiency is presumed to have been achieved if the applicant holds an educational qualification issued by a public or officially recognised school or institution accredited by the Ministry of Education, University and Research and by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation.</p> <p>Otherwise, the applicant must provide a specific certificate issued by a certifying body recognised by the Ministry of Education, University and Research and by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation, which is authorised to administer the aforementioned language proficiency test. The test consists of four components: listening, reading comprehension, written production, and oral production.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>Public or officially recognised private school (istituti paritari), and certified bodies recognised by the competent authorities.</p>

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			<p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>No. Applicants are required, at the time of submitting their application, to complete a questionnaire solely for the purpose of assessing their level of integration within the national territory. The questionnaire is optional and is administered by the Prefettura.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>The processing of applications for the granting of Italian citizenship includes the verification of certain indicators demonstrating adherence to the fundamental Italian values (fulfilment of tax obligations, absence of criminal convictions, family circumstances, income capacity, and the Italian-language proficiency test).</p>
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			<p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g.government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>Several bodies and administrations are involved in verifying the fulfilment of the required conditions. The overall and final assessment of the applicant's level of integration - culminating in the proposal for the granting decree (within the competence of the President of the Republic) - falls under the responsibility of the Ministry of the Interior, Central Citizenship Offices.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>NO. After the applicant has been notified of the decree granting citizenship, it is required - as a condition for its effectiveness - that they take the oath of allegiance and adherence to the fundamental Italian values.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Latvia</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes. A person who wishes to obtain Latvian citizenship through naturalization must have Latvian language skills at level B2.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>The language proficiency test provides a comprehensive assessment of a person's language skills so that the citizenship applicant can demonstrate their skills in all four types of linguistic activity (listening, reading, writing, speaking) in accordance with the requirements of Article 20 of the Citizenship Law. A person knows the Latvian language if they:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • fully understand everyday and official information;

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- can freely narrate, converse and answer questions on everyday topics;
- can fluently read and understand any everyday instructions, manuals and other everyday texts;
- can write a character essay on a everyday topic assigned by the commission.

3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)

Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs (Office is under Ministry of the Interior).

4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?

Yes. Multiple-choice questions – in the listening, reading and conversation parts of the Latvian language test in the interview, as well as in the test part of the test of the fundamental provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of Latvia, the foundations of Latvian history and culture.

In the writing part of the Latvian language test, the citizenship applicant writes a small text (letter) and performs a grammar task, in the conversation part, creates a dialogue and talks with the interviewer, as well as creates a free narrative about what he saw in the picture. Answers the text of the national anthem orally or in writing.

5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?

An applicant for citizenship must know the most important facts of Latvian history, the activities of notable personalities, the formation of the Latvian state, issues of national culture, the constitutional principles of the country, and know the text of the national anthem.


6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?

Yes. Sample tasks for the Latvian language proficiency test are available on the website of the Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs, and information days are regularly organized, where citizenship applicants get acquainted with similar tasks that will be in the test and complete similar tasks in person.

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			<p>An Electronic Tool is available on the website of the Office of Citizenship and Migration Affairs, where citizenship applicants can try the tests for the Latvian language proficiency test and the knowledge of the basic provisions of the Constitution of the Republic of Latvia, the foundations of Latvian history and culture, write or recite the text of the national anthem and be more confident in their skills and knowledge.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>To know the legal principles of Latvian public life and the state, fundamental human rights and freedoms. To be familiar with the basic symbols of the state, their origin and symbolic meaning. To understand the main structures of Latvian state – the institutions of the President, the Saeima (parliament), the Cabinet of Ministers (government), and the principles of the judiciary.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>Test.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>State officials.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Yes. A person who is granted Latvian citizenship shall, in a solemn ceremony, pledge allegiance to the Republic of Latvia.</p>
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	<p>EMN NCP Lithuania</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes. According to Article 18(1)(3) of the Law on Citizenship, one of the conditions for acquiring citizenship through naturalization is successful completion of the state language examination. As set out in paragraph 12 of the Order of the Minister of Education and Science on the Approval of the Program of the State Language Examination, persons who pass the state language examination required for acquiring Lithuanian citizenship are deemed to have achieved the first category of state language proficiency, which corresponds to at least A2 level under the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>The level of Lithuanian language proficiency is assessed through a state language examination organized according to the Program of the State Language Examination approved by the Minister of Education and Science [].</p> <p>The examination evaluates four main skills: listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, and writing. Each component assesses the applicant’s ability to understand and use Lithuanian in everyday communication situations, in line with the requirements set for the first category of state language proficiency, corresponding to at least A2 level under the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR).</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The National Education Agency (Nacionalinė švietimo agentūra), operating under the Ministry of Education, Science and Sport, is responsible for organizing and conducting the Lithuanian language examination required for acquiring citizenship.</p>
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			<p>The examination is administered by authorized State Language Examination Commissions established by this agency. These commissions assess the candidate's performance in the four components of the exam (listening, reading, speaking, and writing) in accordance with the Program of the State Language Examination.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>Yes. According to Article 18(1)(4) of the Law on Citizenship, applicants for Lithuanian citizenship through naturalization must pass a test on the fundamentals of the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania.. According to the Program of the Examination on the Fundamentals of the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania [], the test is administered in written form as a multiple-choice exam consisting of 20 questions, each with three possible answers, only one of which is correct. A candidate passes the exam by correctly answering at least 14 questions.</p> <p>If an applicant cannot take the written test due to a disability or other valid reason, the exam may be taken orally, following the same question format.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>The examination on the fundamentals of the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania assesses an applicant's understanding of Lithuania's constitutional system, state structure, and fundamental rights and duties, as defined in the Program of the Examination on the Fundamentals of the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania.</p> <p>The exam is based entirely on the text of the Lithuanian Constitution and includes questions drawn from all of its chapters. The main content areas are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The State of Lithuania - form of government, sovereignty, national symbols, the Constitution, laws, and citizenship.• Human rights and freedoms - the right to life, liberty, privacy, property, equality before the law, freedom of belief, and other core constitutional rights.
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- Society and the State - the role of the family, education, religion, and media freedoms.
- The Nation's economy and labor - economic organization, the right to work, social protection, and state ownership.
- The Seimas (Parliament), the President, the Government, the Courts, and the Constitutional Court - their composition, powers, and procedures.
- Local self-government, finance, and the state budget - local governance, budget formation, and state control mechanisms.
- Foreign policy, national defense, and constitutional amendments - the foundations of external relations, state security, and the process of changing the Constitution.

The test evaluates whether the applicant has a basic understanding of Lithuania's constitutional order rather than broad civic knowledge such as history or geography.

6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?

While the exact test questions are not published, the content and topics from which they are drawn are publicly available. The examination is based entirely on the text of the Constitution, and the full list of topics is provided in the Program of the Examination on the Fundamentals of the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania. Applicants can access this program and related information free of charge on the official websites of the National Agency for Education (Nacionalinė švietimo agentūra -) The information is available in written (PDF) format and outlines all areas from which the test questions are developed.


7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).

The examination on the fundamentals of the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania includes topics directly related to the constitutional rights and values protected and upheld by the Lithuanian state. According to the Program of the Examination on the Fundamentals of the Constitution of the Republic of

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			<p>Lithuania, these rights and values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Human dignity and the right to life, liberty, and personal security.• Equality before the law and the prohibition of discrimination.• Freedom of thought, conscience, religion, and expression.• The right to private life, property, and housing.• The right to work, fair working conditions, and social protection.• The right to education and access to healthcare.• Democracy, popular sovereignty, and the rule of law as the foundations of the Lithuanian state.• Separation of powers and accountability of state institutions. <p>These principles reflect the fundamental values enshrined in the Constitution of the Republic of Lithuania, including respect for human rights, democracy, justice, and the independence of the state.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>Lithuania does not conduct a separate assessment of an applicant's adherence to the country's fundamental values. Passing the constitutional examination is considered sufficient proof that the applicant understands and accepts the fundamental values of the Lithuanian state.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>N/A</p>
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			<p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Applicants for Lithuanian citizenship are not required to sign any document recognizing the country's fundamental principles and values during the application stage.</p> <p>However, before citizenship is granted, persons who acquire Lithuanian citizenship by naturalization (as well as by simplified procedure, exception, restoration, or international treaties) must take and sign the Oath of Allegiance to the Republic of Lithuania, in accordance with Article 23 of the Law on Citizenship of the Republic of Lithuania []. The oath expresses the person's loyalty to the Republic of Lithuania and commitment to uphold its Constitution and laws, defend its independence, territorial integrity, and constitutional order, as well as to respect the Lithuanian language, culture, and customs, and to strengthen the foundations of democracy and the rule of law.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Luxembourg</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES. In Luxembourg there is a level of knowledge of the national language (Luxembourgish) required. The test requires an A2 level for speaking (oral expression in accordance with article 15 (1) 1 of the Luxembourg nationality Law) and B1 for listening comprehension (oral comprehension in accordance with article 15 (1) 2 of the Luxembourg nationality Law).</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>In Luxembourg in accordance with article 15 (2) of the Luxembourg nationality law the language test is divided in two parts: The candidate must take the oral expression test and the oral comprehension test. The candidate has passed the Luxembourgish language proficiency examination if they obtain a score equal to or higher than half of the total points in the oral expression test.</p>


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			<p>A score lower than half of the total points in the oral expression test may be compensated by the score obtained in the oral comprehension test. In such a case, the candidate is considered to have passed the Luxembourgish language proficiency examination if the arithmetic average -rounded up where applicable - of the scores obtained in both tests is equal to or higher than half of the total points.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The institution in charge of conducting the assessment is the National Institute of Languages of Luxembourg (INL). The INL is in charge of : 1° the organization of the Luxembourgish language proficiency examination; and 2° the verification and certification of the required level of competence.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES(No. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?)</p> <p>Under Luxembourg nationality law, applicants must either attend the course "Living Together in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg" or successfully pass the corresponding examination (Article 14(1)3). The course is structured into three modules with a total duration of twenty-four hours:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• a six-hour module on the fundamental rights of citizens;• a twelve-hour module on the state and municipal institutions of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;• a six-hour module on the history of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and European integration. <p>The questionnaires may include multiple-choice or binary (true/false) questions and it is made in a computer. The Adult Education Service (Service de la formation des adultes) is responsible for organizing the course and the examination "Living Together in the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg".</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>The examination covers the following subjects:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• the fundamental rights of citizens;
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			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• the state and municipal institutions of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg; and• the history of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and European integration. <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>NO.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>The rights and obligations of the citizens established in the Luxembourgish Constitution as well as fundamental rights.</p> <p>8. How do your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values ? (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)</p> <p>N/A. This requisite is not required by the Luxembourgish nationality law.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>N/A.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>NO.</p>
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	<p>EMN NCP Netherlands</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES. An application for naturalization can be submitted if a person meets several conditions, one of which is that they must be sufficiently integrated and able to speak, read and write Dutch. This is a compulsory part of an integration test. For the purposes of naturalization, the applicant must demonstrate proficiency at language level A2[1].</p> <p>[1] https://ind.nl/nl/nederlanderschap/nederlander-worden-door-naturalisatie#voorwaarden</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing).</p> <p>The level of language proficiency is assessed through oral and written skills in the Dutch language[1]:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reading comprehension; • Listening comprehension; • Writing skills; • Speaking skills <p>These skills are tested through central examinations.</p> <p>[1] Inburgeringsexamen: voorwaarde voor naturalisatie</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The Central Institute for Test Development (CITO) develops the reading and listening exams[1]. Bureau ICE develops the reading and writing exams. The language exams are administered by DUO. The exams are either assessed by computer or administered through pen and paper[2].</p>
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			<p>[1] Inburgeringsexamen [2] Taalexamens - Examen doen – DUO</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>YES. The format differs per topic. There are two parts of the knowledge citizenship test[1]: The knowledge of Dutch Society test (KNM). The KNM exam is taken on a computer. It includes questions about various topics, such as “housing” or “work and income”.Orientation to the Dutch labor market (ONA), within the Act of Civic integration 2013 (Wet inburgering 2013). Applicants learn for example what jobs are available in the Netherlands, which jobs are suitable for them individually and how to apply for jobs. Applicants have to complete specific assignments in order to pass this part of the test and a final oral exam may be part of the examination.Labor Market Participation Module (MAP) within the Act of civic integration 2021 (Wet inburgering 2021). Applicants will learn more about Dutch society and the Dutch labor market. They will also have to complete practical assignments, such as volunteer work, an internship or paid work.</p> <p>[1] Kennisexamens - Examen doen – DUO</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>The Knowledge of Dutch Society exam[1] tests the knowledge of Dutch institutions, rules, norms and values. There are eight themes covered in the exam. For each theme, final objectives have been formulated that indicate what the applicant needs to know or must be able to do in order to pass the exam. The themes are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Work and Income• Manners, values and norms• Housing• Health and healthcare• History and geography• Authorities
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			<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Government and the rule of law• Education and upbringing <p>The following practical situations are also assessed, since these are distinguished as four essential situations in which it is important for participants of the integration course to be able to function in the Netherlands[2]:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Functioning in the labour market• Functioning in one's own living environment• Functioning in contacts with authorities and government• Functioning as a citizen in the Netherlands <p>[1] Bijlage 2 Regeling inburgering 2021</p> <p>[2] Bijlage 2 Regeling inburgering 2021</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>NO.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The rights and values in the KNM-test may include, but are not limited to[1];• Being able to deal with customs, values and norms that may differ from their own.• Understanding the purpose and customs of cultural associations and sports clubs.• Knowing how to act in accordance with the Dutch constitution.• Being able to deal with the separation of church and state.• Obeying the law.
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- Taking responsibility for their own minor children.

[1] Bijlage 2 Regeling inburgering 2021, chapter 4, paragraph 2: "Omgangsvormen, waarden en normen".

8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?

This shows in the citizenship test during the theme of manners, values and norms.

9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)

The institutions which conduct the test (CITO/DUO). These institutions do not necessarily test the actual adherence to the country's fundamental values, but test the knowledge of the applicant as to what those values actually are.

10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.

NO. However, part of the mandatory Dutch integration program, which large groups of people with a residence permit or international protection needs to complete, does entail the signing of such a declaration. A model of this declaration can be found here: https://wetten.overheid.nl/afbeelding?toestandid=BWBR0045555/2025-07-10_0&naam=266378.png&schalen=nee

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	<p>EMN NCP Poland</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>YES. Level B2</p> <p>Note: A certificate of Polish language proficiency is required for the administrative procedure of acquiring Polish citizenship (recognition as a Polish citizen by the Voivode). In the constitutional procedure (granting Polish citizenship by the President of the Republic of Poland), there are no prerequisites, including the requirement to possess a certificate of Polish language proficiency.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>Listening Comprehension: Candidates listen to the recordings once or twice. While listening, they complete tasks: selecting correct answers, filling in gaps in the text, or answering questions. The tasks test their comprehension of the listening text.</p> <p>Written Comprehension: Candidates read texts. The task involves carefully reading the texts (single-sentence texts, paragraphs, longer texts) and selecting or providing the correct answer to questions about each. The tasks assess general and selective comprehension of the texts.</p> <p>Grammatical Correctness: Completing the tasks in this section of the exam involves identifying and selecting the correct form (selection task) or creating and entering the correct grammatical form. The aim of this section of the test is to test the ability to use correct grammatical forms in practice, which is why the tasks usually take the form of short texts that form a logical whole.</p> <p>Written Examination: The candidates' task is to choose one of the sets of tasks and write texts according to the instructions. The topics are formulated so as not to require specialized knowledge. The aim of this part of the exam is to assess the candidate's ability to write a written statement, not to test their knowledge of a specific topic.</p>
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			<p>Oral Examination: The candidate's task is to create an oral presentation based on a variety of materials – textual and visual. Candidates draw one of three sets, each consisting of two or three tasks, and then perform the tasks in front of a panel.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>Administration - the examinations are conducted by the State Commission for the Certification of Proficiency in Polish as a Foreign Language. The commission is appointed (for a four-year term) by the minister responsible for higher education.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>Note: Under the legislation currently in force, foreign nationals applying for Polish citizenship are not required to take a civic knowledge test. However, the Department of Citizenship and Repatriation of the Ministry of the Interior and Administration is working on draft amendments to the Act of 2 April 2009 on Polish Citizenship.</p> <p>The Ministry proposes introducing a mandatory test to assess the level of integration of applicants. The test will verify their knowledge of Poland's values, principles, legal system and history, as well as the degree of their integration into Polish society.</p> <p>A draft act implementing the announced changes will be submitted into the legislative process in the coming weeks, and the completion of work on the amendments concerning the acquisition of Polish citizenship by foreign nationals is planned for 2026.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p>
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			<p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>Sample tests and tests from previous years are available for the language exam. The materials also include audio files. They are published on the website of the State Commission for the Certification of Proficiency in Polish as a Foreign Language.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>No.</p>
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	EMN NCP Serbia	Yes	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>NO</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>N/A</p>
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			<p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Only a statement is needed that they consider the Republic of Serbia as their own country.</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Slovakia</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes, however, the legislation does not specify the level of knowledge of Slovak language (reference to CEFR).</p>


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			<p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>The authority receiving the application shall verify by interview whether the applicant has sufficient knowledge of the Slovak language. For this purpose, a three-member commission appointed by the head of the district office in the seat of the region, the ambassador or the consul shall be set up. At the interview, the applicant shall be asked questions concerning his/her person and persons close to him/her and questions of a general nature, in particular on the history, geography and socio-political development of the Slovak Republic. The applicant must read aloud a randomly selected Slovak-language press article of at least 500 words. After reading it, he/she has 30 minutes to write what he/she remembers about the article. A record of the process and outcome of the Slovak language proficiency test is made on the same day so that there is a written record of the outcome of the interview. Proficiency in the Slovak language is verified in a manner appropriate to the applicant's state of health, the applicant's education and the applicant's age. In the case of a minor child, proficiency in the Slovak language is usually verified in the presence of a legal representative, guardian or custodian.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The authority responsible for examining the applicant is the one who receives his/her application, i.e. the district office in the seat of the region, the diplomatic mission or the consular office of the Slovak Republic. The office which received the application will then send the applicant's entire file to the Ministry of the Interior of the Slovak Republic for a decision.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>At the interview, the applicant shall be asked questions concerning his/her person and persons close to him/her and questions of a general nature.</p>
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			<p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>Questions of general nature are focused in particular on the history, geography and socio-political development of the Slovak Republic.</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>No.</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>Questions on rights and values of the Slovak Republic might in some cases be part of the language assessment described above, however, it is not predefined.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>See answers to Q2, Q5 and Q7.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>See answer to Q3 and Q7.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>No, however, taking the oath is a condition for acquiring Slovak citizenship. The oath shall not be taken by children under 14 years of age and persons whose state of health does not permit it. The oath shall be taken in the hands of the head of the district office in the seat of the region, the ambassador, the consul</p>
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			<p>or a person authorised by them. The text of the oath is the following: " I swear on my honour and conscience that I will be loyal to the Slovak Republic, will observe the Constitution of the Slovak Republic, the constitutional laws, laws and other generally binding legal regulations and will duly perform all the duties of a citizen of the Slovak Republic."</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Slovenia</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes, A2 level is required.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>The level of knowledge is achieved through reading, writing, listening and speaking comprehension.</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>An external institution is responsible for conducting the assessment.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>No.</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p>

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			<p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>9. Which is the authority for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>Yes, before being granted citizenship, the applicant must read and sign a declaration of respect for the constitutional and democratic order.</p>
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	<p>EMN NCP Spain</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>Yes. The required level is A2 according to the CEFR.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>The DELE A2 is a comprehensive exam that verifies your ability to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read and understand simple texts. • Listen to and comprehend everyday conversations. • Write brief communications. • Speak about common topics in a basic manner. <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>The Cervantes Institute is responsible for the academic, administrative, and financial management of the DELE diplomas, in accordance with the provisions of Royal Decrees 1137/2002 of October 31, RD 264/2008 of February 22, and RD 1004/2015 of November 6.</p> <p>4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?</p> <p>Yes. The Test of Constitutional and Sociocultural Knowledge of Spain (CCSE test) is an exam developed by the Cervantes Institute that evaluates, through various tasks, the applicant’s knowledge of the Spanish Constitution and the country’s social and cultural realities.</p> <p>The CCSE test consists of five tasks and 25 questions.</p>
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- The first task consists of 10 multiple-choice questions with three possible answer options each. The questions are related to the knowledge of the Government, powers and institutions of the State, fundamental laws and mechanisms of citizen participation.
- The second task consists of 3 True/False questions. Rights and duties of the citizen adapted from the Spanish Constitution.
- The third task consists of 2 multiple choice questions with three possible answer options. Questions or statements on territorial organization and physical and political geography of Spain supported by a geopolitical map
- The fourth task consists of 3 multiple choice questions with three possible answer options each. They are related to traditions, art, culture and relevant Spanish historical facts
- The fifth task consists of 7 multiple-choice questions with three possible answer options each, relating to aspects of Spanish society, daily life in Spain and administrative formalities.

5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?

The main topics covered by the citizenship test are:

- Government, legislation, and citizen participation in Spain;
- fundamental rights and duties;
- political and administrative organization of Spain;
- Spanish culture, history, and society;
- practical life in Spain.

6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?

YES. The Cervantes Institute makes available to candidates various materials free of charge for the preparation of the test. They are available in the following link:

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<https://exámenes.cervantes.es/es/ccse/preparar-prueba>

The Cervantes Institute has launched a free application for mobile devices that allow people to prepare and practice with guarantees the test of constitutional and sociocultural knowledge of Spain (CCSE). It is the only official app of the Cervantes Institute, fully updated, which ensures full correspondence between the questions to practice and those included in the official CCSE tests.

7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).

They are those included in the preliminary title and the first title of the Spanish Constitution.

8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?

Through the Test of Constitutional and Sociocultural Knowledge of Spain (CCSE test) and good civic conduct.


9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)

Government officials. Specifically, the Subdirectorate for nationality and civil status under the Ministry of the Presidency, Justice, and Relations with the Courts.


10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.

NO. But once nationality is granted, persons have to swear or promise fidelity to the King and obedience to the Constitution and the Laws.

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	<p>EMN NCP Sweden</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required?</p> <p>No, but there is a bill proposing the introduction of a citizenship test in Swedish, and Swedish society, democracy, and culture.</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>4. Does the nationality applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?</p> <p>N/A</p> <p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>N/A</p>
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			<p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.). N/A</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)? N/A</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools) N/A</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign. N/A</p>
	<p>EMN NCP Ukraine</p>	<p align="center">Yes</p>	<p>1. Does your Member State require a language test for obtaining nationality? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the level of knowledge of the national language(s) (reference to the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)) required? Proficiency in the national language at the required level determined by the National Commission for State Language Standards. Currently, this is the intermediate level of the first degree (B1).</p> <p>2. How is the level of language assessed? (Please specify if the assessment is based on listening comprehension, reading comprehension, speaking, writing) The comprehensive exam consists of four parts: Listening and Reading, Writing, and Speaking. All four</p>

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parts of the exam are equally weighted, with each part accounting for 25% of the total score. A person who intends to acquire Ukrainian citizenship will receive a state certificate of intermediate level 1 (B1) if they score between 70% and 100% of the total points on the exam for this level.

3. Which is the institution responsible for conducting the assessment? (e.g. administration, an external service provider, or AI-based tools)

Exams to determine proficiency in the national language are conducted in accordance with the procedure established by the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine. Thus, Resolution No. 409 of the Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine dated April 14, 2021, approved the Procedure for conducting examinations to determine proficiency in the state language, according to which the National Commission for State Language Standards organizes the examination, verification, and evaluation of its results. The exam can be taken at specially designated exam sites. The exam is conducted using the information and communication system "Exam system for determining the level of proficiency in the state language" in the form of an anonymous online computer exam.

4. Does the applicant have to pass a citizenship test? YES/NO. If you answer YES, what is the format of this test (e.g. multiple-choice questions, individual interview, other)?

Applicant should take exams on the fundamentals of the Constitution of Ukraine and the history of Ukraine. Exams are conducted in the form of tests in the national language.

5. What topics are covered in this citizenship test (e.g. history, geography, etc.)?

The exam programs on the fundamentals of the Constitution of Ukraine and the history of Ukraine for foreigners and stateless persons who intend to be admitted to Ukrainian citizenship were approved by Order of the Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine No. 1417 dated October 2, 2024. The exam program on the fundamentals of the Constitution of Ukraine consists of three sections: Fundamentals of the constitutional system, Constitution and human rights, Constitution and public authority. The exam program on the history of Ukraine consists of four sections: Ancient and medieval history of Ukraine, Modern history of Ukraine, Contemporary history of Ukraine, Contemporary history of Ukraine since 1990.

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			<p>6. Are the questions public and accessible to the candidate in advance? YES/NO. If you answer yes, where can the applicant access them and in which format?</p> <p>Information about the organization and conduct of exams (programs, instructions, test tasks, and other information) is published on a website specially developed by the State Institution "Scientific and Methodological Center for Higher and Pre-Higher Education."</p> <p>7. If you answer in Q.5 that one of the topics of the test are related to rights and values of the country, please indicate which are those rights and values (e.g. human rights, democracy, etc.).</p> <p>The exam program on the fundamentals of the Constitution of Ukraine consists of three sections: Fundamentals of the Constitutional System, Constitution and Human Rights, Constitution and Public Authority.</p> <p>8. How does your Member State assess the adherence to your country's fundamental values (e.g. test, interview with the administration, other)?</p> <p>The exam is conducted in the form of a test in the national language.</p> <p>9. Which is the authority responsible for assessing adherence to your country's fundamental values? (e.g. government officials, an external service provider, AI tools)</p> <p>The State Institution "Scientific and Methodological Center for Higher and Pre-Higher Education" is the authorized institution responsible for organizing and conducting examinations.</p> <p>10. Do applicants have to sign a document stating that they recognise the fundamental principles and values of your country when applying for citizenship? YES/NO. If you answer YES please specify the type of document that they have to sign.</p> <p>One of the prerequisites for acquiring Ukrainian citizenship is the recognition and observance of the Constitution of Ukraine and the laws of Ukraine, which is certified by the person in an application for Ukrainian citizenship submitted in accordance with the established procedure.</p>
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